

21.11.10 SIPadus Workshop, Safety Assurance Plenary Session



A scenario database linked to a virtual platform for automated driving safety development and evaluation purposes

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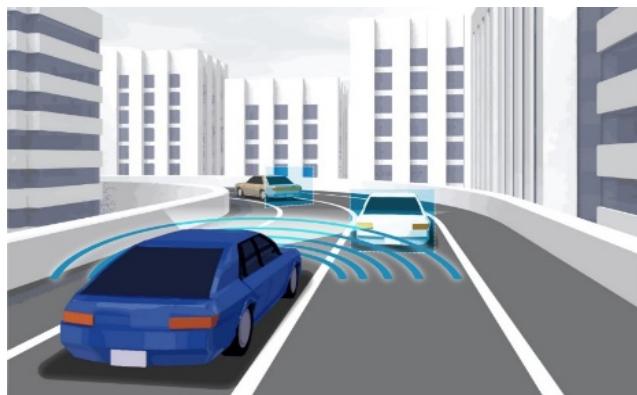
SAKURA project

Japan Automobile Research Institute

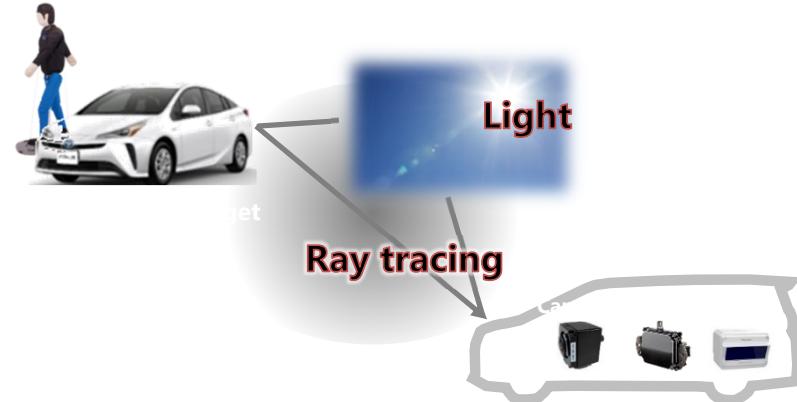
AD safety assurance major challenges

AD safety cannot be ensured with long-distance endurance driving tests alone

High complexity of traffic environment



Virtual test environment (including perception)



Challenge
1

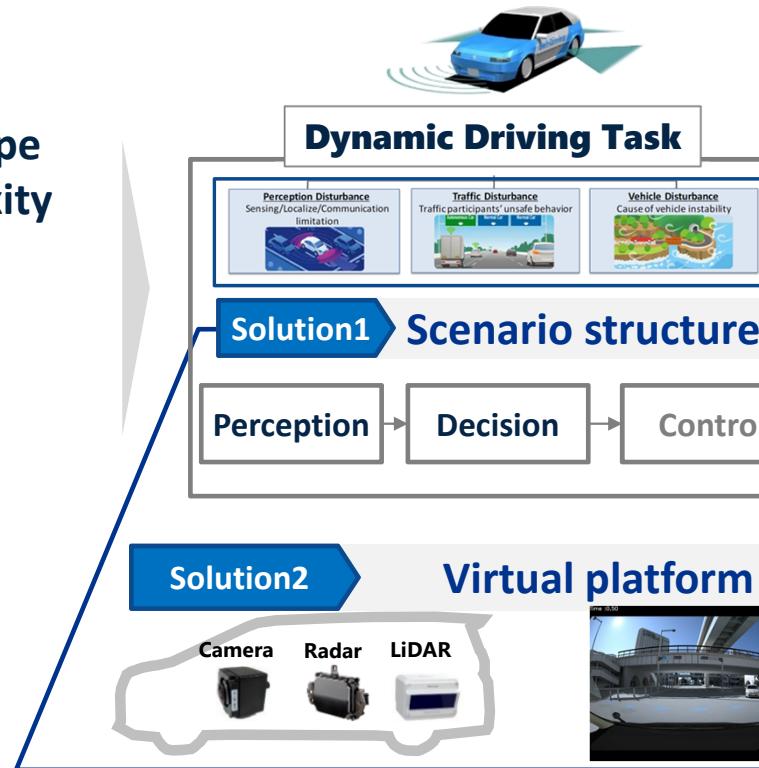
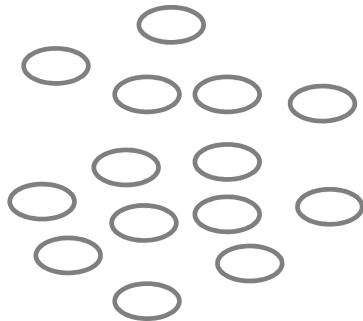
Safety validation scope

Challenge
2

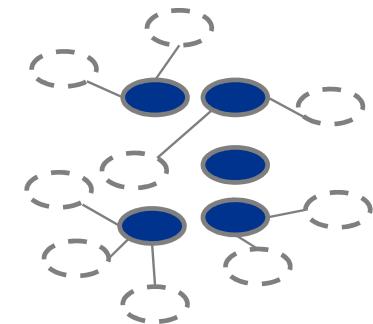
Virtual platform consistent with reality

Our approach to overcome the challenges

“Non-deterministic” scope
due to traffic causal complexity



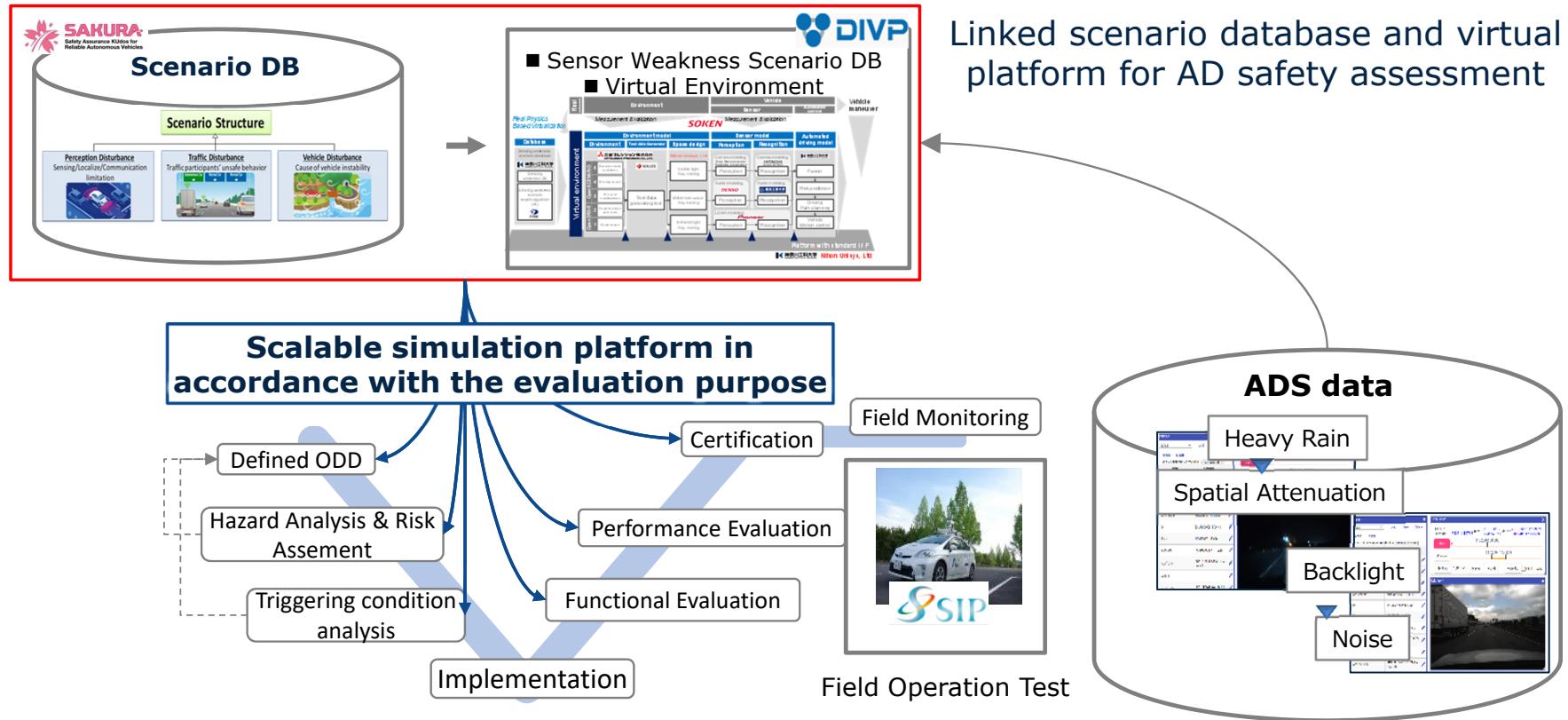
“Deterministic” scope through
identification of root causes



- Structured scenarios to address root causes affecting the three subtasks of the DDT
- Qualified virtual platform including simulation of sensor weaknesses

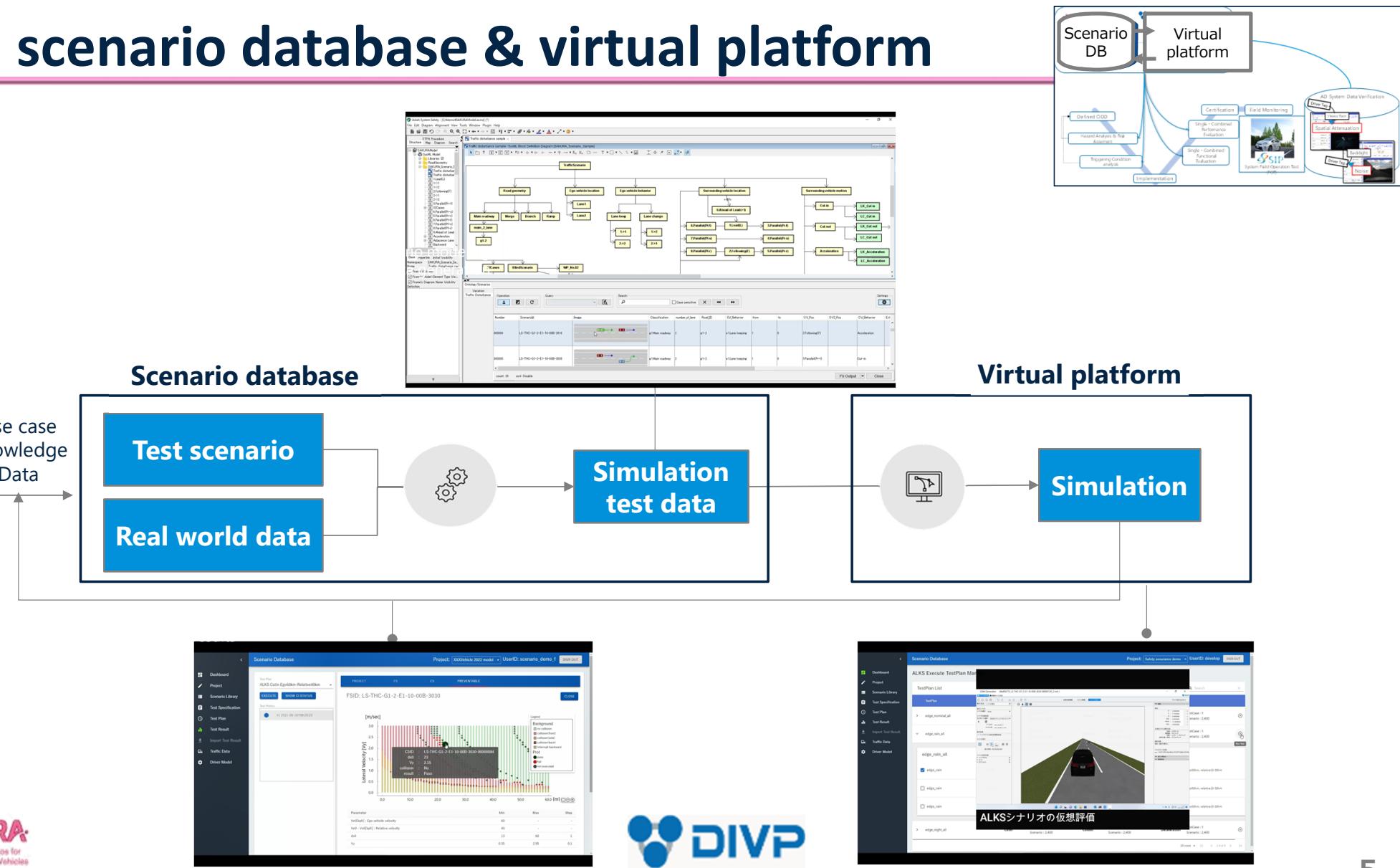
Safety assurance strategic activities in Japan

Today's focus



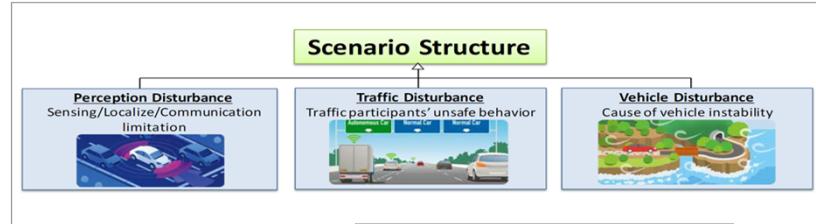
Aim at a scalable simulation platform to support ADS safety development and evaluation

Linked scenario database & virtual platform



Scenario database

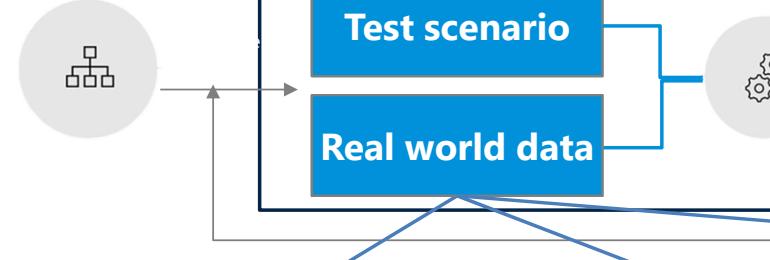
ISO DIS34502 Scenario based safety evaluation (Annex A to D)



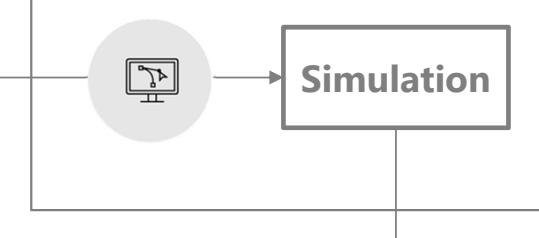
Standard format



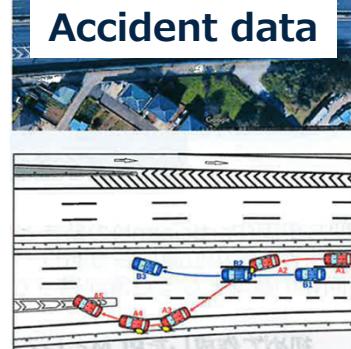
Scenario database



Virtual platform



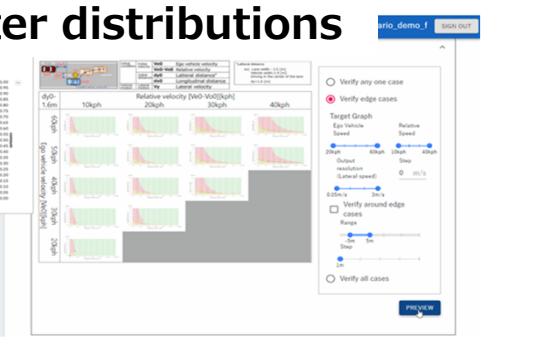
Accident data



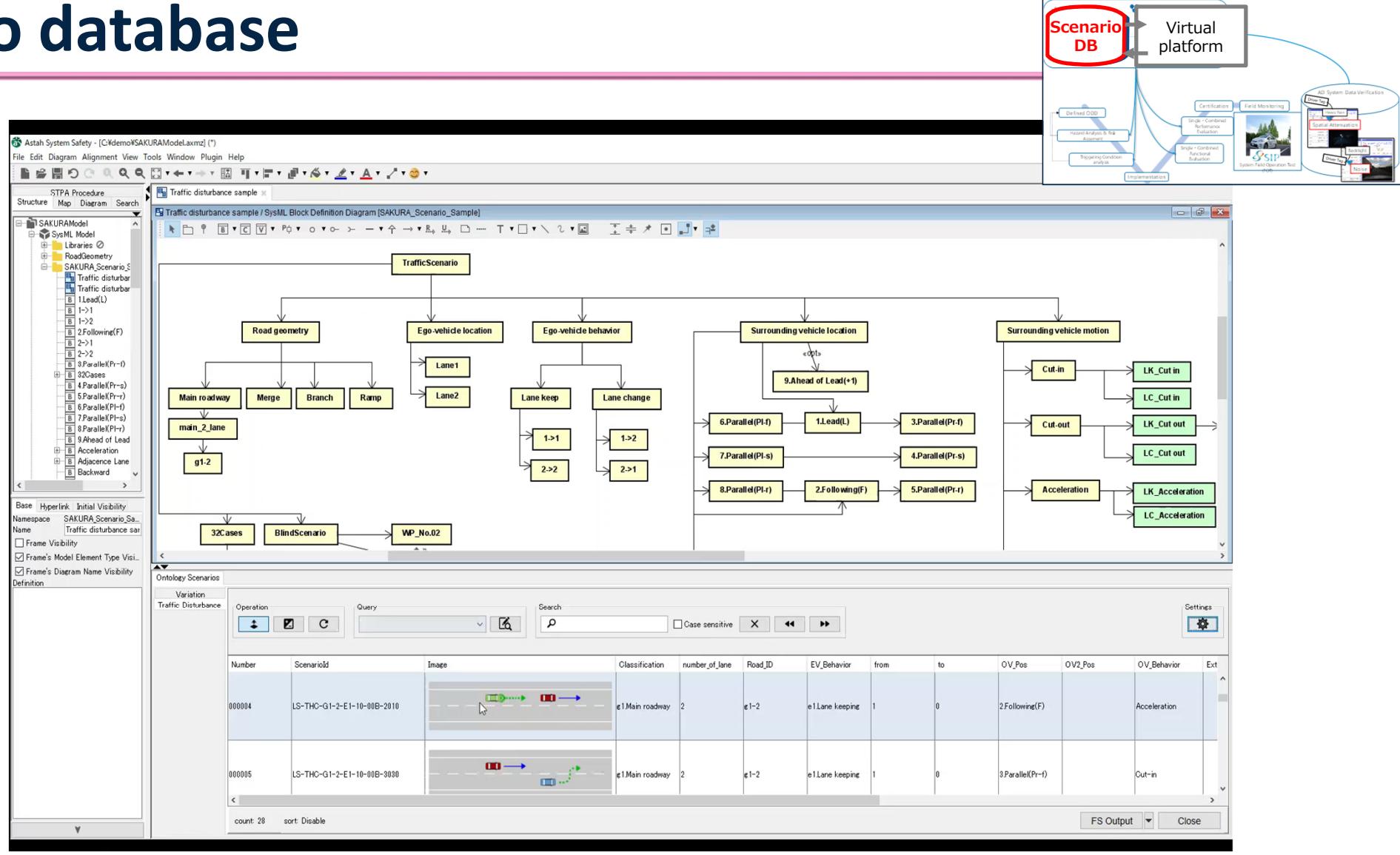
Traffic flow data



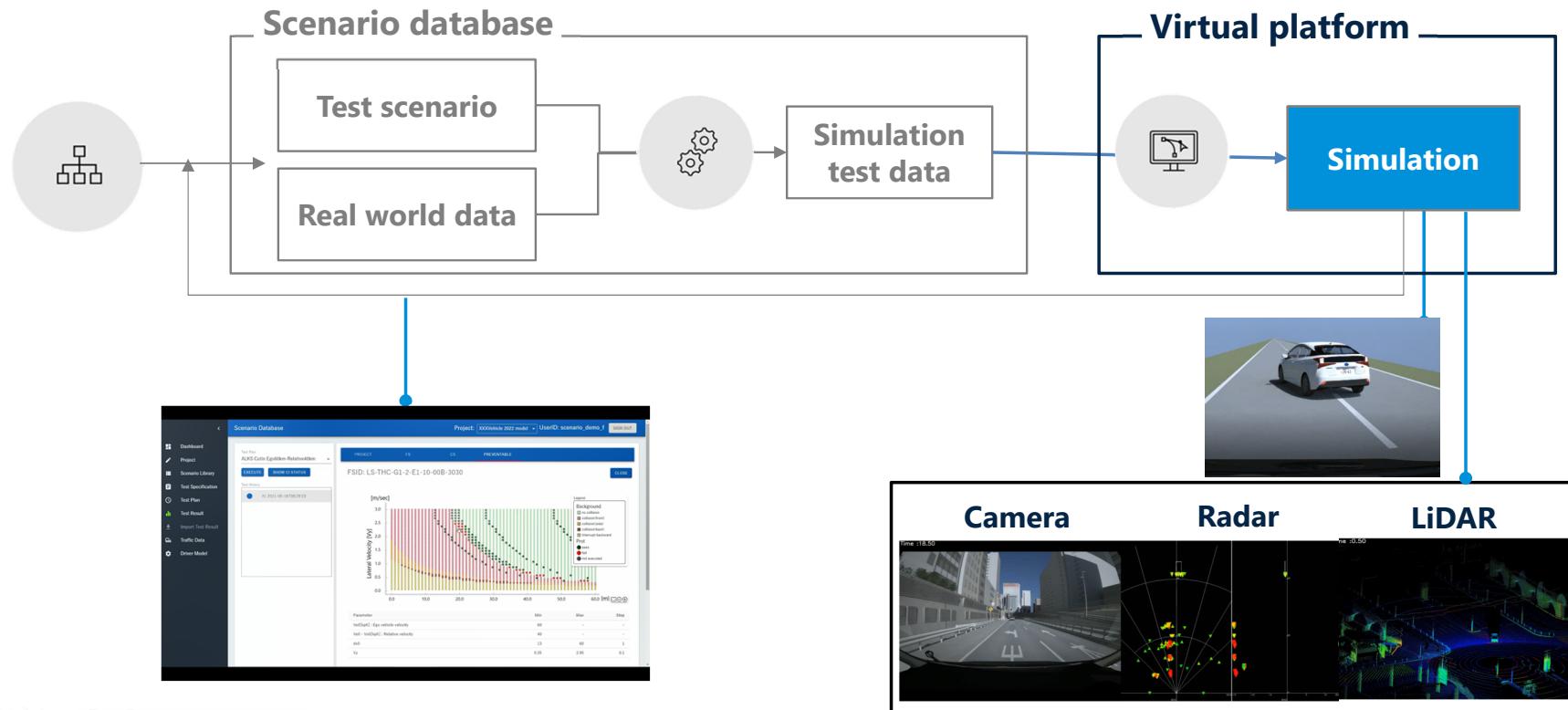
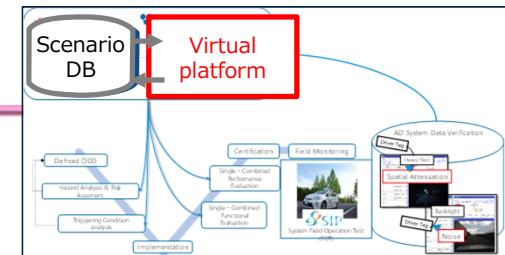
Parameter distributions



Scenario database



Virtual platform and results management



Virtual platform and results management

The screenshot displays the DIVP (Digital Intelligent Vehicle Platform) interface, specifically the 'Scenario Database' section. The top navigation bar shows 'Project: Safety assurance demo' and 'UserID: develop'. A red box highlights the 'Virtual platform' section in the top right corner of the interface.

The main area is titled 'ALKS Execute TestPlan Map' and shows a 3D simulation environment of a car driving on a road. To the left, the 'TestPlan List' pane shows a tree structure of test plans: 'edge_nominal_all', 'edge_rain_all', 'edge_rain_all' (with 'edge_rain' checked), 'edge_rain', and 'edge_night_all'. Below this are three small images: a car at a cut-in maneuver, a radar-like sensor visualization, and a 3D lidar point cloud.

The right side of the interface contains a 'Search' bar and a list of scenarios with their details:

- stCase : 1 Scenario : 2,400
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- to60km, relative10-30km
- to60km, relative10-30km
- to60km, relative10-30km
- stCase : 1 Scenario : 2,400

At the bottom right, there is a 'Run Test' button and a page navigation bar.

On the far right, a detailed flowchart diagram illustrates the 'Virtual platform' architecture, showing the interaction between 'Scenario DB', 'Implementation', 'Field Monitoring', 'Spatial Awareness', and 'AD System: Data Verification'.

Summary

- ◆ SAKURA scenario database linked to the DIVP virtual platform for AD safety development and evaluation purposes
 - Conversion from a non-deterministic (infinite) traffic system into a deterministic (finite) problem by focusing on subtasks and root causes of the AD system
 - Compatible with simulation platforms and results management tools
 - Gradually incorporating perception scenarios including sensor weaknesses
 - Adaptable to international regulatory, standard, and consumer testing

Thank you!

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