



Automated Driving Applications and Technologies for Intelligent Vehicles

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Impact Assessment in AdaptIVe

Workshop on Connected and Automated Driving Systems



// Content

- AdaptIVe
- Safety Impact Assessment



// AdaptIVe **Facts**

Budget: **EUR 25 Million** EUR 14,3 Million **European Commission:**

Duration: 42 months (January 2014 - June 2017)

Aria Etemad, Volkswagen Group Research Coordinator:

France, Germany, Greece, Italy, Spain, 8 Countries:

Sweden, The Netherlands, United Kingdom



VOLKSWAGEN































































// AdaptIVe Project Overview

Widespread application of automated driving to improve road safety and address inefficiency in traffic flow whilst mitigating the environmental impact of road traffic //

Legal issues, terminology



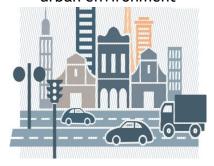
Automated driving close distance manoeuvring



Strategies for human-vehicle integration



Automated driving in urban environment



New evaluation methods, impact assessment



Automated driving on highway





// Demonstrators























Parking assistance, garage, special areas, multi-level garage, Stop & go

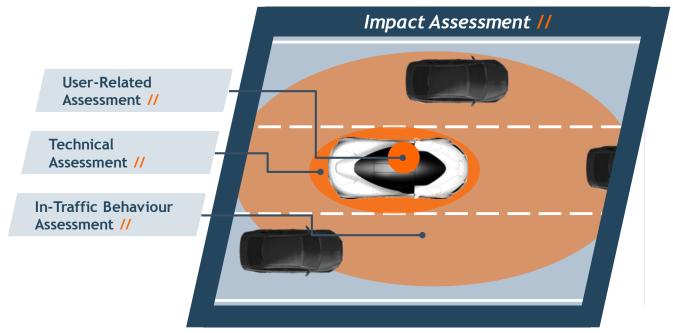
City cruise, City chauffeur, Supervised city control Enter & exit highway, following lane, lanechange, filter-in, overtaking, danger spot intervention, Stop & go

Safe stop



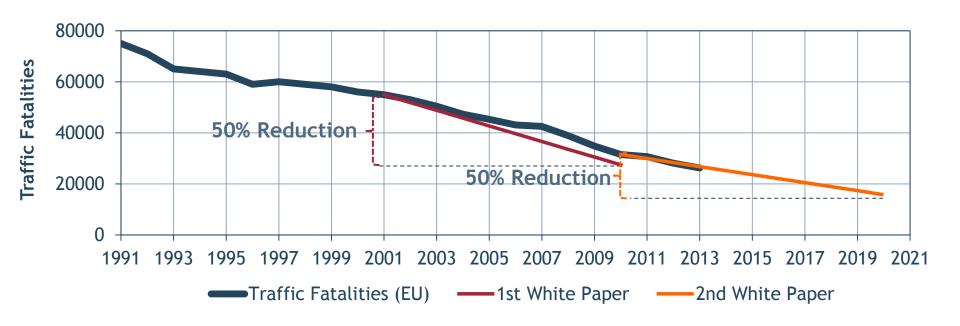
// AdaptIVe SP "Evaluation"

- Main objectives:
 - Development of an evaluation framework for automate driving functions
 - Methodology for impact analysis of automated driving applications
 - Safety and environmental impact assessment
- Partners:
 - ika, BMW, CRF, BASt, TNO, CTAG, Lund





//Safety Impact Assessment Traffic Safety in EU



Causes of Accidents¹

Human Error > 90% Others

 Research Question: How many accidents can be prevented by automated driving applications?

Adapt|: Ve

//Safety Impact Assessment Evaluation Approach

- Classical approach for ADAS
 - Field of application
 - Identify possibly affected accidents, but no detailed analysis of effects
 - Accident re-simulation
 - Reconstruct and re-simulate real accidents under consideration of the system
 - Field test / data
 - Investigate system behaviour in real traffic
- → Need for harmonization of methodologies! (harmonization group pre-crash evaluation)
- Open issues for the impact assessment of automated driving applications
 - Today's accident data do not consider collisions of automated vehicles
 - Automated driving function operate already before a critical situation occurs >
 Re-simulation of accidents gets more difficult
 - Interaction with other road users (automated / non-automated) → mixed traffic
- → Need for research!



//Safety Impact Assessment AdaptIVe Approach

Safety impact assessment in AdaptIVe is a two steps approach

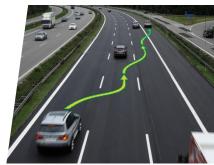
1. Identify relevant critical situations

- Focus on accident and other (relevant) driving situations
 - Use of microscope traffic simulation
- Which situation reduce the risk of an accident? Which situation increase the risk of an accidents?
 - Is there a change in the distribution of accident?
 - Transition of control situations (system → driver)

2. Investigate the relevant critical situation in detail

- Approach could be similar to re-simulation approach
- Input data from other assessment (technical, user-related, in-traffic assessment) are taken into account













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Thank you.

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